## COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 56 WRIGHTWOOD TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2017

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Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 56 - Wrightwood

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and governmental fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 56 (CSA) Wrightwood, a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

EADIE + PAYNE Celebrating a Century of Quality Service

#### Eadie + Payne, LLP

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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position governmental activities and governmental fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 56 Wrightwood as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

# **Other Matters**

# Prior-Year Comparative Information

Prior year data has been included with the basic financial statements for comparative purposes only. The financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 56 Wrightwood as of June 30, 2016, were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 28, 2016 expressed unmodified opinions on those statements.

Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 56 - Wrightwood

## Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Eadie and Payne, LLP

November 22, 2017 Riverside, California

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Assets:		2017 rernmental	Purj Gov	Comparative poses Only 2016 rernmental activities
Cash and investments	\$	24,687	\$	56,445
Special activities fund	Ψ	24,007	Ψ	50,115
Interest receivable Taxes receivable		129		136
Capital assets, net of depreciation		3,338 629,082		3,575 656,630
Total assets		657,241		716,791
1041455015		057,241		/10,//1
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pensions		26,049		5,762
Liabilities:				
Current:				
Salaries and benefits payable		2,293		1,593
Due to other governments		15,996		835
Long-term:				
Loan payable		79,678		105,764
Net pension liability		52,792		45,843
Total liabilities		150,759		154,035
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pensions		11,863		16,041
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		629,082		656,630
Unrestricted		(108,414)		(104,153)
Total net position	\$	520,668	\$	552,477

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2017 Governmental	2016 Governmental
	Activities	Activities
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 48,188	\$ 74,066
Services and supplies	114,512	76,372
Interest expense	914	1,165
Loss on disposal of capital assets	142	-
Depreciation	27,406	27,448
Total expenses	191,162	179,051
Program revenues		
Charges for services	19,988	14,688
Operating grants and contributions -State assistance	1,342	1,266
Total program revenues	21,330	15,954
Net program revenues (expense)	(169,832)	(163,097)
General revenues and (other expenses)		
Property taxes	128,595	123,552
Investment earnings	92	655
Total general revenues and (other expenses)	128,687	124,207
Transfer of capital assets		(220,891)
Change in net position	(41,145)	(259,781)
Net position at beginning of year as previously reported	552,477	812,258
Prior-Period Adjustment	9,336	
Net assets at beginning of year as restated	561,813	
Net position at end of year	\$ 520,668	\$ 552,477

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	2017 Special Revenu Fund Wrightwood Park (SKD)		
Assets	Φ	24 (07	
Cash and investments	\$	24,687	
Special activities fund Receivables:		5	
Taxes		3,338	
Interest		129	
Total assets	\$	28,159	
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable	\$	2,293	
Due to other governments		15,996	
Total liabilities		18,289	
Fund balance:			
Restricted for:			
Special activities, park services, recreation			
services and a community center	_	9,870	
Total fund balance		9,870	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	28,159	

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	For Comparative Purposes Only 2016					I		
	Spe	cial Revenue		l Projects				
	- 1 -	Fund	1	Fund				
	W	Wrightwood				Wrightwood T		Totals
		Park	-	overnmental				
		(SKD)	(C	DW)		Funds		
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	56,445	\$	-	\$	56,445		
Special activities fund		5		-		5		
Receivables:								
Taxes		3,575		-		3,575		
Interest	_	136	_	-		136		
Total assets	\$	60,161	\$	-		60,161		
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Salaries and benefits payable	\$	1,593	\$	-	\$	1,593		
Due to other governments		835		-		835		
Total liabilities		2,428		-		2,428		
Fund balances (deficits):								
Restricted for:								
Special activities, park services, recreatio	n							
services and a community center		57,733		_		57,733		
Total fund balances		57,733		-		57,733		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	60,161	\$	-	\$	60,161		

## COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		Comparative poses Only
	 2017	 2016
Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 9,870	\$ 57,733
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	629,082	656,630
Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and long-term liability related to the pension plan are not financial resources or due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	(28 606)	(56 100)
are not reported in the governmental funds.	(38,606)	(56,122)
Long-term debt has not been included as a liability in governmental fund activity:		(105.764)
Loan payable	 (79,678)	 (105,764)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 520,668	\$ 552,477

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# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Fund Types Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017 Special Revenue Fund Wrightwood Park (SKD)		
Revenues:		(SRD)	
Property Taxes	\$	128,595	
Intergovernmental - State Assistance		1,342	
Investment Earnings		92	
Charges for services -service fees		19,988	
Total revenues		150,017	
Expenditures:			
Current - parks and recreation:			
Salaries and Benefits		56,368	
Services and Supplies		114,512	
Debt Service:			
Principal		26,086	
Interest		914	
Total expenditures		197,880	
Net change in fund balances		(47,863)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		57,733	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,870	

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Fund Types Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	For Comparative Purposes Only				
	Spec	ial Revenue	Capital Projects		
		Fund	Fund		
	Wr	ightwood	Wrightwood	Total	
		Park	Park	Governmental	
	(	(SKD)	(CDW)	Funds	
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	123,552	-	123,552	
Intergovernmental - State Assistance		1,266	-	1,266	
Investment Earnings		655	-	655	
Charges for services - service fees		14,688		14,688	
Total revenues		140,161		140,161	
Expenditures:					
Current - parks and recreation:					
Salaries and Benefits		62,369	-	62,369	
Services and Supplies		76,372	-	76,372	
Debt Service:					
Principal		25,835	-	25,835	
Interest		1,165	-	1,165	
Total expenditures		165,741		165,741	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(25,580)		(25,580)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		8	_	8	
Transfers out		-	(8)	(8)	
Total other financing sources			`	<u></u>	
and (uses)		8	(8)		
Net change in fund balances		(25,572)	(8)	(25,580)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		83,305	8	83,313	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	57,733		57,733	

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Comparative poses Only
	2017	 2016
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(47,863)	\$ (25,580)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net assets decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year, net of disposals.		
Transfer of capital assets to County	-	(220,891)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(142)	-
Depreciation expense	(27,406)	(27,448)
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the activities do not require the use of governmental funds.	8,180	(11,697)
8- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,100	(11,0)7)
In the statement of activities, only long term debt payable is reported. However, in the governmental funds, principal payments decrease financial resources. Thus the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the principal, as well as, issuance of debt.		
Debt service principal payments	26,086	 25,835
· · · ·		
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$(41,145)	\$ (259,781)

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of County Service Area (CSA) No. 56 Wrightwood conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

# **Reporting Entity**

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 56 Wrightwood was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) to provide park and recreation services along with one community center and one senior center to the community of Wrightwood.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statement reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 56 – Wrightwood of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

# **Government-wide and fund financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided from governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the CSA does not have proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "Wrightwood Park" provides park and recreation services along with one community center and one senior center for the community of Wrightwood.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contribution, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

## **Interfund receivables and payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or :advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Currently, the CSA does not have any business-type activities.

# **Property Taxes**

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

## Accounts receivable

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2017, based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the property tax roll.

# **Inventories and prepaid items**

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# **Inventories and prepaid items (continued)**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40-60
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

# Fund Equity

The CSA implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classification describes the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which the resources can be used:

• *Nonspendable Fund Balance*: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# **Fund Equity (continued)**

- *Restricted Fund Balance:* Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- *Committed Fund Balance*: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e., the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects though the use of the respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balances. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Stewardship, compliance and accountability

## A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of section 29000-29143 of the Government code of the Sate of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the CSA prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

# B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

# **Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed when incurred in the Government- Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65. In the Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

# **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. Restricted Net position is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted Net position is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CSA's plan and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments includes balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2017. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The County of San Bernardino's CAFR may be obtained from their website http://sbcounty.gov/ATC.

# Note 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

## Governmental activities:

Governmentai activities.	Beginning Balance	0 0			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 185,000	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 185,000	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	185,000			185,000	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Improvements to land	523,634	-	-	523,634	
Structures and improvements	168,979		(2,963)	166,016	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	692,613		(2,963)	689,650	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Improvements to land	(111,061)	(23,717)	-	(134,778)	
Structures and improvements	(109,922)	(3,689)	2,821	(110,790)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(220,983)	(27,406)	2,821	(245,568)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	471,630	(27,406)	(142)	444,082	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 656,630	<u>\$ (27,406</u> )	<u>\$ (142</u> )	<u>\$ 629,082</u>	

# Note 4: SPECIAL ACTIVITIES FUND

The CSA operates a revolving fund in accordance with Public Resources Code Section 5784.35. The fund is for the purpose of conducting and supervising special recreational activities. The revenue received and expenses paid are kept in commercial banks. Because the recreational activities are self-funded and are not a part of the CSA's budget, only the cash balance and related equity are reported on the CSA's Balance Sheet and Statements of Net Position/ Profits earned from special activities are reflected as part of charges for services on the Statement of Activities and as services fees on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The balance at June 30, 2017 was \$5.

# Note 5: LOAN PAYABLE

The CSA's County's Revolving Fund entered into an agreement with CSA 56 Wrightwood under government code 26909 to provide funding for specific capital projects . The County's Revolving Fund advanced the amount of \$200,000 to cover cost of this project. The loan will be repaid in 7 years beginning with a payment of \$42,000 during the year ending June 30, 2014, followed by six annual payments of \$27,000 including interest. Interest is calculated at the rate of the County pool funds. The loan balance reported in the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	7/1/2016	Additions	Retirements	6/30/2017	One Year
CSA Revolving	\$ 105,764	\$ -	<u>\$ (26,086)</u>	\$ 79,678	\$ 26,086

## Note 6: RETIREMENT PLAN

*Plan Description*. Employees of the CSA participate in the County of San Bernardino's (County) cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA). The Plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement (Board) under the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W. Hospitality Lane, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

*Benefits Provided*. SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members, including the CSA's employees, are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is greater than fifty percent of the full standard of hours required are members of SBCERA, and are provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

# Note 6: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits for the General Tier 1 and General Tier 2 Plans are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General – Tier 1	General – Tier 2			
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 months	Highest 36			
		consecutive months			
Normal Retirement Age	Age 55	Age 55			
Farly Datinoments Veers of service	Age 70 any years	Age 70 any years			
Early Retirement: Years of service required and/or eligible for	10 years age 50	5 years age 52			
required and/or engible for	30 years any age	N/A			
	2% per year of final	At age 67, 2.5% per			
Benefit percent per year of service	average	year of final average			
for normal retirement age	compensation for	1			
for normal retirement age	every year of service	every year of service			
	credit	credit			
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age	Reduced before age			
	55, increased after 55	67			
	up to age 65				
Final Average Compensation	Internal Revenue	Government Code			
Limitation	Code section	section 7522.10			
	401(a)(17)				

*Contributions.* Participating employers and active members, including the CSA and the CSA's employees, are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454, for participating employers and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25 and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly, based on an annual actuarial valuation, conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

# Note 6: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 ranged between 7.89% and 14.22% for Tier 1 General members and between 7.73% and 8.37% for Tier 2 General members.

Employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were 22.33% and 19.2% for Tier 1 and Tier 2, respectively.

# **Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rates**

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of actuarial assumptions and discount rates for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense/Benefit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the CSA reported a liability of \$52,792 which represents 0.70 % of the County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The CSA's proportion was allocated based on FY 2017 total salaries and benefits relative to the total salaries and benefits of the County of San Bernardino Special Districts as a whole.

The County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability was based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the County's contributions for FY 2016 as a whole. The County's net pension liability was allocated by SBCERA based on the actual employer contributions in each cost group.

The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 based upon the results of an actuarial valuation as of the same date. Plan fiduciary net position and the total pension liability were valued as of the measurement dates.

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the CSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

1%	Decrease	C	urrent Discount	1% Increase			
(	6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)		(8.5%)			
\$	88,185	\$	52,792	\$	23,464		

Pension benefits recognized amounted to \$8,180 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

## Note 6: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

At June 30, 2017, the CSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows				
of Resources*	of Resources**				
\$ 26,049	\$ (11,863)				

\* Total deferred outflows includes change in assumptions, change in proportion and differences between share of contributions, and contributions after measurement date.

\*\* Total deferred inflows includes differences in expected and actual expense, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments,.

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from the CSA's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,546, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,						
2018	\$	(383)				
2019		1,470				
2020		3,376				
2021		2,353				
2022		(187)				
Thereafter		12				
Total	\$	6,640				

## Note 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$54 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$10 million excess of \$3.0 million self-insured retention with Security National Insurance Company (AM TRUST); Excess Liability coverage for \$4 million, excess of \$13 million with Evanston Insurance Company (Markel); and Excess Liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$17 million with National Casualty. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$25 million, excess of \$32 million. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program was restructured by joining CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority) Excess Workers' Compensation Program and purchasing a policy with a \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.615% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, at June 30, 2017.

## Note 8: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2017 in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters which would have a significant effect of the financial position of the CSA.

# Note 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 22, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The CSA became self-governed effective July 1, 2017, which means the CSA will no longer be reported as a component unit of the County.

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 56 WRIGHTWOOD General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original Final			Actual				
Revenues:								
Property Taxes	\$	119,935	\$	119,935	\$	128,595	\$	8,660
Intergovernmental - State Assistance		1,319		1,319		1,342		23
Investment Earnings		393		393		92		(301)
Charges for services -service fees		15,000		15,000		19,988		4,988
Total revenues		136,647		136,647		150,017		13,370
Expenditures:								
Salaries and Benefits		59,429		59,429		56,368		3,061
Services and Supplies		97,528		113,463		114,512		(1,049)
Debt Service:								
Principal		26,893		26,893		26,086		807
Interest		107		107		914		(807)
Total expenditures		183,957		199,892		197,880	. <u> </u>	2,012
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		1,240		1,240		-		(1,240)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		1,240		1,240		-		(1,240)
Net change in fund balance		(46,070)	_	(62,005)		(47,863)		14,142
Fund balance, beginning						57,733		
Fund balance, ending					\$	9,870		